Homework 5

 Determine whether the Mean Value Theorem can be applied to on the closed interval [a, b]. If the Mean Value Theorem can be applied, find all values of c in the open interval (a, b) such that

$$f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$$
(a) $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^4 - \frac{5}{2}x^2 + 2x$, [1,2]
(b) $f(x) = x^2 - 8x + 5$, [2,6]

- 2. $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 5$
 - (1) Find the open intervals on which the function is increasing or decreasing.
 - (2) Find any points of inflection and discuss the concavity of the graph of the function.
 - (3) Find all relative extrema of the function.
- 3. Find $\lim_{x \to \infty} h(x)$, if it exists, $f(x) = -4x^2 + 2x 5$

(a)
$$h(x) = \frac{f(x)}{x}$$

(b) $h(x) = \frac{f(x)}{x^2}$
(c) $h(x) = \frac{f(x)}{x^3}$